THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA

ACT SUPPLEMENT

No. 7

25th September, 2018

to the Special Gazette of the United Republic of Tanzania No.7 Vol. 99 dated 25th September, 2018 Printed by the Government Printer, Dodoma by Order of Government

THE WRITTEN LAWS (MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS) (NO.2) ACT, 2018

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THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA



NO. 7 OF 2018

I ASSENT,

JOHN POMBE JOSEPH MAGUFULI President

[24th SEPTEMBER, 2018]

An Act to amend certain written laws.

ENACTED by Parliament of the United Republic of Tanzania.

PART I PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

Short title

1. This Act may be cited as the Written Laws (Miscellaneous Amendments) (No.2) Act, 2018.

Amendments of certain written laws

2. The written laws specified in various Parts of this Act are amended in the manner specified in their respective Parts.

PART II AMENDMENT OF THE ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL (POWERS AND FUNCTIONS) ACT, (CAP.27)

Construction Cap. 27 **3**. This Part shall be read as one with the Administrator-General (Powers and Functions) Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

Amendment of section 2	4. The principal Act is amended in section 2, by-
	 (a) deleting the definition of the term "Administrator-General" and substituting for it the following: ""Administrator-General" means a person appointed as such under section 4(1) and includes a Deputy Administrator-General;"
	(b) adding in the appropriate alphabetical order the
	following new definitions:
Cap. 341	"Advocates Committee" means the Advocates Committee established as such under section 4 of the Advocates Act;
	"Assistant Administrator-General" means a
	person appointed as such under section $4(2)$; and
	"Ministerial Advisory Board" means the
	Ministerial Advisory Board of the
Cap.245	Registration, Insolvency and
	Trusteeship Agency established in terms of the Executive Agencies Act;"
Addition of section 3A	 5. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 3, the following new section: "Functions of Ministerial Advisory Board Cap. 245 3A(1) The Ministerial Advisory Board shall, in addition to the functions stipulated in terms of the Executive Agencies Act, advise the Minister on matters relating to conduct and performance of the Administrator-General in the discharge of functions under any other written laws. (2) The Ministerial Advisory Board shall cause to be prepared bi-

(2) The Ministerial Advisory Board shall cause to be prepared biannual reports which shall be submitted to the Minister and a copy to the Attorney General for advice in relation to the functions performed by the Administrator-General as a corporation sole."

Amendment of section 4

- 6. The principal Act is amended in section 4, by-
- (a) deleting subsection (1) and substituting for it the following:

"(1) The President shall appoint an Administrator-General and a Deputy Administrator-General from amongst persons with qualifications to be appointed as Judge of the High Court of Tanzania."

(b) adding immediately after subsection (1) the following:

"(2) The Deputy - Administrator General shall be the principal assistant to the Administrator - General, accounting officer and the disciplinary authority of the Agency.

(3) The Minister shall appoint such number of Assistant Administrator - General from amongst law officers in the public service as may be required".

- (c) re-numbering subsections (2) and (3) as subsections (3) and (4) respectively;
- (d) deleting the words "or an Assistant Administrator-General" appearing in subsection (4) as renumbered; and
- (e) adding immediately after subsection (4) as renumbered the following new subsections:

"(5) Subject to the Executive Agencies Act, the Administrator-General shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the Registration, Insolvency and Trusteeship Agency and shall perform functions and exercise powers vested in him under the following laws-

- Cap.25(a) the Bankruptcy Act;Cap.108(b) the Births and Deaths Registration
Act;Cap.212(c) the Companies Act;Cap.13(d) the Law of the Child Act,;Cap.29(e) the Law of Marriage Act,
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Cap. 352

Cap.31 Cap.318

- (f) the Probate and Administration of Estates Act:
- (g) the Public Trustee Act;
- (h) the Trustees' Incorporation Act; and
- (i) any other law in force in the United Republic which may vest powers upon the Administrator- General.

(6) The Administrator-General may, for purposes of better management and organisation of the Registration, Insolvency and Trusteeship Agency, issue General or Standing Orders, Practice Notes and other instruments as he deems fit.

(7) A staff in the Registration, Insolvency and Trusteeship Agency who fails to comply with the orders, practice notes and other instruments issued under subsection (6) commits a misconduct and shall be dealt with in accordance with the laws governing the public service".

PART III

AMENDMENT OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE ACT, (CAP. 20)

Construction 7. This Part shall be read as one with the Criminal Procedure Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

Amendment of section 2

Cap. 20

Cap.430

The principal Act is amended in section 2 by 8. deleting the definition of the term "public prosecutor" and substituting for it the following-

"public prosecutor" means a Law Officer or a State Attorney appointed under section 5 of the National Prosecutions Service Act and includes the Director of Public Prosecutions, the Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions or any other person acting in criminal proceedings under the directions of the Director of Public

Prosecutions;"

Amendment of section 57

9. The principal Act is amended in section 57 by adding immediately after subsection (4) the following new subsections:

"(5) An interview of a person by a police officer under this section may, if available, and subject to sections 53, 54 and 55, be undertaken by using an audio or video recording device and in such circumstances-

- (a) any machine which can make an audio or video recording may be used;
- (b) the person being interviewed shall be informed of the use of such recording device;
- (c) a copy of the recording shall be made available to the person or his legal representative immediately after that interview; and
- (d) a certificate of completion of the interview shall be filled in by the police officer in accordance with the requirements of subsection (3) and the person shall sign the certificate and be supplied with a copy of that certificate, save that, the requirement to read, initial each page of the record and sign the certificate at the end of the record shall not apply.

(6) The recording shall be used as evidence of the content and conduct of the interview without the requirement for a written record.

(7) The Chief Justice may make rules for carrying out the provisions of subsection (5)."

Amendment of section 73

10. The principal Act is amended in section 73 by adding at the end of paragraph (e) the words "offences under the Drug Enforcement Control Act and offences under any other written law".

Amendment of section 169

11. The principal Act is amended in section 169-

- (a) in subsection (2), by adding immediately after paragraph (c) the following new paragraph:
 - "(d) all the circumstances of the offence, including the circumstances in which the evidence was obtained."
- (b) by adding immediately after subsection (3) the following new subsections:

"(4) The court shall, prior to exclusion of any evidence in accordance with subsection (1), be satisfied that the failure or breach was significant and substantial and that its exclusion is necessary for the fairness of the proceedings.

(5) Where the court excludes evidence on the basis of this provision it shall explain the reasons for such decision."; and

(c) by renumbering subsection (4) as subsection (6).

Repeal and replacement of section 188 **12**. The principal Act is amended by repealing section 188 and replacing it with the following:

"Orders of court on exparte application by Director of Public Prosecutions" **188.**-(1) Notwithstanding any other written law, before filing a charge or information, or at any stage of the proceedings under this Act, the court may, upon an ex-parte application by the Director of Public Prosecutions, order-

- (a) a witness testimony to be given through video conferencing in accordance with the provision of the Evidence Act;
- (b) non-disclosure or limitation as to the identity and whereabouts of a witness, taking into account the security of a witness;

- (c) non-disclosure of statements or documents likely to lead to the identification of a witness; or
- (d) any other protection measure as the court may consider appropriate.

(2) Where the court orders for protection measures under paragraph (b) and (c) relevant witness statements or documents shall not be disclosed to the accused during committal or trial.

(3) The Chief Justice may make rules for better carrying out the provisions of this section."

13. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 205 the following new section.

"Matter or thing duly submitted for examination or analysis **205A.-** (1) Any document purporting to be a report under the hand of a cyber-forensic expert, ballistic expert or any other expert over any matter or thing duly submitted to him for examination or analysis in the course of any proceedings under this Act may be used as evidence in any inquiry, trial or other proceedings under this Act.

(2) The court may presume that the signature to any such document is genuine and the person signing it held the office or expertise which he professed to hold at the time of signing it.".

Addition of section 205A

PART IV AMENDMENT OF THE EXTRADITION ACT, (CAP. 368)

Construction Cap.368	14. This Part shall be read as one with the Extradition Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".
Repeal of section 9	15. The principal Act is amended by repealing section9.
Amendment of section 10	16. The principal Act is amended in section 10 by deleting the words "or if directions in the nature of <i>habeas corpus</i> are issued, after the decision of the court upon the return of the directions".
Amendment of section 16	17. The principal Act is amended in section 16 by deleting subsection (2) and substituting for it the following:
	"(2) Subject to the provisions of section 28, a fugitive criminal shall not be surrendered under Part II of this Act unless provision is made by the law of the country to which he is to be surrendered, or by agreement, that the fugitive criminal shall not, unless he has been restored or had an opportunity of returning to Tanzania, be detained or tried in that country for any offence committed prior to his surrender other than an extradition crime proved by the facts on which the

PART V

surrender is grounded."

AMENDMENT OF THE INTERPRETATION OF LAWS ACT, (CAP. 1)

Construction Cap.1 **18.** This Part shall be read as one with the Interpretation of Laws Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

Amendment

19. The principal Act is amended in section 4, by-

of section 4

- (a) deleting the definition of the term "Law Officer" and substituting for it the following:
 - ""Law Officer" means the Attorney General, the Deputy Attorney General, the Director of Public Prosecutions, the Administrator-General, the Solicitor-General, the Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions, the Deputy Administrator General, the Deputy Solicitor-General, the Chief Parliamentary Draftsman and every legally qualified State Attorney in the public service of the rank of or above Senior State Attorney or Senior Parliamentary Draftsman;";
- (b) deleting the words "and includes a Deputy Attorney-General" appearing in the definition of the words "Permanent Secretary".

PART VI AMENDMENT OF THE LAW OF LIMITATION ACT, (CAP. 89)

Construction Cap. 89 **20**. This Part shall be read as one with the Law of Limitation Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

Amendment of section 44 **21.** The principal Act is amended in section 44 by adding immediately after subsection (4) the following new subsection-

"(5) The Minister may make regulations for better carrying out of the provisions of this section.".

PART VII AMENDMENT OF THE LAW REFORM COMMISSION OF TANZANIA ACT, (CAP. 171)

Construction Cap.171

22. This Part shall be read as one with the Law Reform Commission of Tanzania Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

Amendment 23. The principal Act is amended in section 2 by of section 2 adding immediately after the words "by the" appearing in the definition of the term "reference" the words "Minister or the". Amendment **24.** The principal Act is amended in section 4(2), byof section 4 (a) adding immediately after the words "submit to the" appearing in paragraph (c) the words "Minister and a copy to the"; (b) adding immediately after the words "instance of the" appearing in paragraph (e) the words "Minister or the"; (c) adding immediately after paragraph (e) the following new paragraphs: "(f) upon request, comment and give advice the Inter-Ministerial to Technical Committee on the proposal to enact a law with a view to ensuring systematic development of the law in the country; assess the implementation of written (g) laws.". Amendment 25. The principal Act is amended in section 5 by of section 5 deleting the words "not less than four and not more than nine other" appearing in subsection (1) and substituting for them the word "two part-time". Amendment 26. The principal Act is amended in section 6, byof section 6

(a) deleting subsection (2) and substituting for it the following:

"(2) A Commissioner shall be appointed as a part-time Commissioner and shall, unless he sooner resigns or ceases to be a Commissioner in any other way, hold office for a term of three years from the date of his

appointment, and shall be eligible for reappointment.";

(b) deleting subsections (4) and (5) and substituting for them the following:

"(4) A holder of a high judicial office shall not be appointed as a Commissioner unless such person is appointed as a Chairman.

(5) The appointment of, or service by a person who holds a high judicial office as a Commissioner, shall not affect his tenure of that high judicial office or his rank, title, status, precedence, salary or allowance of any kind or other rights or privilege as the holder of that office.";

- (c) deleting subsection (6); and
- (d) renumbering subsection (7) as subsection (6).
- **27**. The principal Act is amended in section 8:
- (a) by deleting the marginal note and substituting for it the following:

"Reference of matters to Commission";

- (b) in subsection (1), by deleting the words "Attorney General shall" and substituting for them the words "Minister may";
- (c) by deleting the word "The" appearing at the beginning of subsections (3) and (4) and substituting for it the words "The Minister or the" respectively.

28. The principal Act is amended in section 9 by deleting subsection (1) and substituting for it the following:

"(1) The Commission may, subject to informing the Minister and the Attorney General, in that behalf, undertake the examination of any matter without waiting for a reference on it by the Minister or Attorney General as the case may be."

Amendment of section 11 adding immediately after the words "Commission to the"

Amendment of section 8

Amendment of section 9

appearing in the third line the words "Minister or the".

Amendment of section 14

30. The principal Act is amended in section 14 by deleting subsection (2) and substituting for it the following:

"(2) Where the Minister or the Attorney General has referred a matter to the Commission, the Commission may, at any time before making its report in pursuance of the reference, submit to the Minister or the Attorney General an interim report on its work under the reference."

Amendment of section 16 **31.** The principal Act is amended in section 16 by deleting the words "Attorney General" and substituting for them the words "Minister on the advice of the Attorney General".

Amendment of section 19

32. The principal Act is amended in section 19 by deleting the words "shall, on a recommendation by the Attorney-General" appearing in subsection (1) and substituting for them the word "may,".

Amendment of section 22

33. The principal Act is amended in section 22-

- (a) in subsection (2), by deleting the word "three" and substituting for it the word "two";
- (b) in subsection (3), by deleting the words "who is a full-time Commissioner to preside at that meeting, and if there is no full-time- Commissioner, any of the other Commissioners shall be elected"; and
- (c) by deleting subsection (4), and substituting for it the following-

"(4) All questions arising at a meeting of the Commission shall as much as possible, be decided by consensus of the members present at the meeting.".

PART VIII AMENDMENT OF THE MUTUAL ASSISTANCE IN CRIMINAL MATTERS ACT, (CAP.254)

Construction Cap. 254

34. This Part shall be read as one with the Mutual Assistance In Criminal Matters Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

General amendment

Amendment

of section 2

Cap.256

35. The principal Act is amended generally by-

- (a) deleting the words "the Attorney General" wherever they appear in the Act and substituting for them the words "the Director of Public Prosecutions";
- (b) deleting the word "interdict" wherever it appears in the Act and substituting for the words "restraining order";
- (c) deleting the words "foreign interdict" wherever they appear in the Act and substituting for them the words "foreign restraining order";
- (d) deleting the words "foreign specified offence" wherever they appear in the Act and substituting for them the words "foreign serious offence".

36. The principal Act is amended in section 2, by –

- (a) deleting the definitions of the terms "foreign specified offence"; "interdict" and "specified offence";
- (b) deleting the definition of the term "serious offence" and substituting for it the following:
 - "serious offence" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Proceeds of Crimes Act;
- (c) inserting in the appropriate alphabetical order the following new definitions:

"foreign serious offence" means a serious

offence against a law of a foreign country;

"restraining order" has a meaning ascribed to it in the Proceeds of Crimes Act; ".

37. The principal Act is amended in section 4, by –

- (a) inserting immediately after paragraph (h) the following new paragraphs:
 - "(i) preserving and obtaining all forms of computer and telecommunication data;
 - (j) interception of postal items;
 - (k) interception of communications data;
 - (l) covert electronic surveillance;
 - (m) facilitating the taking of evidence by video conference.";
- (b) renumbering paragraphs (i) and (j) as paragraphs (n) and (o) respectively.

Amendment of section 5

Cap.256

Amendment

of section 4

38. The principal Act is amended in section 5 by inserting the phrase "under a separate agreement, arrangement or practice with another foreign state" between the words "matters" and "otherwise."

Addition of section 8A

39. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 8 the following new section:

"Functions of Director of Public
 Prosecution s
 8A. Subject to the provisions of the Extradition Act, in the performance of his functions under this Act the Director of Public Prosecutions shall-

- (a) ensure that requests for legal assistance conform to the requirements of the laws of the United Republic and international obligations;
- (b) transmit and receive requests for legal assistance and execute or arrange for the execution of such requests directly with foreign countries;
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- (c) where necessary, certify or authenticate or arrange for the certification or authentication of any document or other material supplied in response to a request for legal assistance;
- (d) take practical measures to facilitate the orderly and rapid disposition of requests for legal assistance;
- (e) negotiate and agree on conditions related to requests for legal assistance as well as ensuring compliance with those conditions;
- (f) make any arrangements deemed necessary in order to transmit the evidentiary material gathered in response to a request for legal assistance to a requesting state or to authorise any other authority to do so; and
- (g) carry out such other tasks as provided for by this Act or which may be necessary for effective execution of mutual legal assistance.".

40. The principal Act is amended in section 9(2), by-

- (a) adding immediately after paragraph (g) the following new paragraphs:
 - "(h) the nature of the criminal matters and whether or not criminal proceedings have been instituted;
 - where criminal proceedings have not been instituted, the offence which the foreign country believes has been, is being or will be committed, together with a summary of known facts;
 - (j) where criminal proceedings have been instituted-
 - (i) the court exercising
 - 20

Amendment of section 9

jurisdiction in the proceedings;

- (ii) the identity of the accused person;
- (iii) the offence of which the person stands accused, and a summary of the facts and the penalties which may be imposed;
- (iv) the stage reached in the proceedings; and
- (v) any date fixed for further stages in the proceedings.";
- (b) renaming paragraphs (h) and (i) as paragraphs (k) and (l) respectively.

Addition of sections 9A, 9B and 9C

41. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 9 the following new sections:

"Confidentiality	9A . The confidentiality of
	a request and its contents and the
	information and materials
	supplied under this Act shall be
	maintained except for disclosure
	in the criminal matter specified in
	the request and where otherwise
	authorised by the requesting
	state.
Language	9B . All documents in
	support of a request for assistance
	under this Act shall be either in
	English or Kiswahili language.
_	
Costs	9C(1). Ordinary costs for
	executing a request shall be borne
	by the United Republic, unless
	otherwise determined by United

Republic and a requesting state.

(2) Where expenses of a substantial or extraordinary nature are or will be required to execute the request the requesting state shall consult in advance with the view to negotiating and agreeing on the manner in which the costs shall be borne.

(3) For the purposes of subsection (2), substantial or extraordinary expenses may include but are not limited to-

- (a) fees and reasonable expenses of expert witnesses;
- (b) any travelling costs to enable a witness to travel to the requesting country to assist in a criminal investigation or criminal proceedings;
- (c) cost of establishing and operating live video links;
- (d) costs of temporarily transferring persons in custody subject to a request under this Act;
- (e) costs incurred for the interception of electronic communication; and
- (f) costs incurred for conducting surveillance."

42. The principal Act is amended in section 11, by-

Amendment of section 11

(a) deleting subsection (1) and substituting for it the following:

"(1) Where a request is made by the appropriate authority of foreign country for-

- (a) evidence to be taken or collected in Tanzania; or
- (b) documents or other articles in Tanzania to be produced for purposes of proceedings or investigation in relation to a criminal matter in a foreign country,

the Director of Public Prosecutions may, subject to such terms and conditions as he may determine, authorise the taking or collection of the evidence or production of the documents or other articles, and the transmission of the evidence, documents or other articles to the foreign country."

- (b) in subsection(2) by-
 - (i) inserting the words "or collection" between the words "taking" and "of" appearing in the opening phrase;
 - (ii) adding immediately after paragraph (b) the following new paragraph:
 - "(c) if the laws of a requesting country do not require evidence to be taken before a magistrate on oath instead of following the process in paragraph (a) an investigation officer may-
 - (i) interview a person and record his statement;
 - (ii) collect documents, articles or other materials; and
 - (iii) certify that the statement was recorded or the article was collected by him.".
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conferencing

Amendment of section 25

Addition of section 25A

43. The principal Act is amended in section 25(3)(a)(iii) by adding at the end of that paragraph the words "other than the proceedings to which the request relates".

44. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 25 the following new section: "Evidence by video $25 \Delta_{-}(1) \Delta nv$ evidence

25A.-(1) Any evidence, production or article of any form of mutual legal assistance under this Act may be provided by means of video conferencing or other technology.

(2) The evidence shall include the interviewing of witnesses for the purposes of investigation, identification of a person or thing or the provision of witness evidence during court proceedings including trial.

(3) The Minister may make rules for better carrying out of the provisions of this section.".

Repeal and replacement of section 32

"Registration

of orders

32.-(1) Where-

32 and replacing it with the following:

 (a) an appropriate authority of a foreign country requests the Director of Public Prosecutions to make arrangements for the enforcement of-

45. The principal Act is amended by repealing section

- a foreign forfeiture order made in respect of a foreign serious offence against a property that is believed to be located in Tanzania; or
 - (ii) a foreign pecuniary penalty order made in respect of a foreign serious offence where some or all of the

property available to satisfy the order is believed to be located in Tanzania Mainland; and

- (b) the Director of Public Prosecutions is satisfied that-
 - the forfeiture order or pecuniary penalty order was properly made against the person; and
 - (ii) forfeiture order or pecuniary penalty order is not subject to appeal in the foreign country,

the Director of Public Prosecutions may, upon application, obtain the registration of the order with the High Court.

(2) Where an appropriate authority of a foreign country requests the Director of Public Prosecutions to make arrangements for the enforcement of a restraining order issued in respect of a foreign serious offence against a property that is believed to be located in Tanzania, the Director of Public Prosecutions may, on application, obtain the registration of the order by the High Court.

(3) If, on application in terms of subsection (1) or (2), the High Court is satisfied from the documents filed on record, or from any other evidence, that the foreign forfeiture order, the foreign penalty order or the restraint order was properly made against the person concerned, the High Court may

register the order.

(4) The High Court may regard any evidence adduced in a foreign court as conclusive of any matter or fact stated in the documents.

(5) Where the High Court refuses to register the order under subsection (3), the refusal order shall be appealable as if it were an order made under Proceeds of Crimes Act.

(6) A forfeiture order registered with the High Court in terms of this section shall have effect and may be enforced, as if it were a forfeiture order made by a court under the Proceeds of Crime Act at the time of registration.

(7) A pecuniary penalty order registered with the High Court in terms of this section shall have effect, and may be enforced, as if it were a pecuniary penalty order made by a court under the Proceeds of Crime Act at the time of registration and requiring the payment to Tanzania of the amount payable under the order.

(8) A restraining order registered with the High Court in terms of this section shall have effect, and may be enforced, as if it were a restraining order made by a court under the Proceeds of Crime Act at the time of registration.

(9) Where any order is registered with the High Court in terms of this section, any

Cap.256

Cap.256

Cap.256

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amendments made to the order, whether before or after registration, may be registered in the same way as the order and amendments shall not, for the purposes of this Act and the Proceeds of Crime Act have effect until they are registered.

(11)А sealed or authenticated copy of an order or amendment shall be regarded for the purposes of this Act as the same as the sealed or authenticated original copy but registration effected by means of a copy shall cease to have effect at the end of twenty-one days unless the sealed or authenticated original copy has been subsequently registered or time has been extended by the court.

(12) The Director of Public Prosecutions may apply to the High Court for the amendment of the application or the cancellation of any registration made in terms of this section.

(13) Without prejudice to the generality of subsection (11), the Director of Public Prosecutions may apply for a cancellation in terms of that subsection if he is satisfied that-

> (a) the order has ceased to have effect in the foreign country in which it was made; or

"Request for

information

gathering orders

(b) the cancellation of the order is appropriate having regard to the arrangements entered into between the United Republic and the foreign country in relation to enforcement of orders of the kind.

(14) Where an application is made to the High Court for cancellation of a registration in terms of subsection (12), the High Court shall cancel the registration accordingly.".

Repeal and replacement of section 35 **46**. The principal Act is amended by repealing section 35 and replacing it with the following:

35.Where-(a) criminal proceedings or criminal investigations have commenced in a foreign country in respect of a foreign serious offence; and (b) the appropriate authority of a foreign country request the United Republic to obtain information about the property or any other

information

proceedings

investigation,

be

reasonably believed

relevant

which

is

to

to

or

witness statement,

deposition or an affidavit

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Director of Public the Prosecutions may, in writing, authorise the head of an investigating agency to obtain information requested accordance with the in provisions of the Proceeds of Crimes Act or any other written laws.".

47. The principal Act is amended in section 38(2) by deleting the word "and" appearing at the end of paragraph (a) and substituting for it the word "or".

Addition of sections 38A, 38B and 38C

Amendment

of section 38

48. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 38 the following new sections: "Authentication of

38A.-(1) А witness statement, deposition or an affidavit pursuant to a request obtained made under this Act shall, if it satisfies the conditions set out in this section, be admissible in evidence.

A witness statement (2)shall be admissible in evidence if it is-

- (a) signed, certified and contains a declaration by the person making it that it is true; and
- (b) certified by a magistrate, Judge or an officer in or of the Government of a foreign country.

(3) A deposition shall be admissible in evidence if it is-

- (a) a sworn deposition; and
- (b) certified or verified by a magistrate,

Commissioner or Judge in a foreign Country.

(4) An affidavit shall be admissible in evidence if it is-

- (a) signed, verified and sworn person who made it; and
- (b) signed by a Judge, magistrate,Commissioner for oath or an officer in the Government of a foreign country.

Electronic record or data

38B.-(1) Electronic record or data message obtained pursuant to a request made under this Act shall be admissible in evidence if-

- (a) the maker or a person who collected the record or data certifies-
 - (i) the reliability of the manner in which the record or data was generated, stored or communicated; and
 - (ii) the reliability of the manner in which the integrity of the record or data was maintained; and
- (b) the authority in a foreign country or an officer in the foreign country

authenticates receipt of that electronic record or data from the maker or a person who collected it.

Other forms of evidence

38C. Nothing shall be construed as preventing production of any evidence, article, any other form of mutual legal assistance under this Act, orally, by means of video conferencing or any other technology.".

PART IX

AMENDMENT OF THE NATIONAL PROSECUTIONS SERVICE ACT, (CAP. 430)

Construction Cap.430	49.]	This Part	shall	be read a	as one	with t	he l	Vatio	onal
	Prosecutions	Service	Act,	hereina	fter re	eferred	to	as	the
	"principal Act".								

General amendment	50. The principal Act is amended generally by-
	(a) deleting the words "the Deputy Attorney General" and "legal officer" wherever they appear in the Act;
	(b) deleting the word "Director" wherever it appears in the Act save for sections 19(1) and (2) and 27 and substituting for it the words "Director of Public Prosecutions".
Amendment of section 3	51. The principal Act is amended in section 3, by-
	 (a) deleting the definition of the term "Director"; (b) deleting the definition of the terms "Law Officer" and "State Attorney" and substituting for them the following:
Cap.1	"Law Officer" has the meaning ascribed to it under the Interpretation of Laws Act;

- (c) inserting in their appropriate alphabetical order the following new definitions:
 - ""Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions" means the Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions appointed pursuant to the provisions of this Act;
 - "District Prosecution Officer" means the Law Officer appointed to be in-charge of prosecution matters in a District;
 - "Regional Prosecutions Officer" means the Law Officer Appointed to be in-charge of prosecution matters in a Region;";
- (d) deleting the words "Attorney General" in the definition of "public prosecutor.".

52. The principal Act is amended by repealing sections 4, 5, 6 and 7 and replacing them with the following:

"National Prosecutions Service

4.-(1) There shall continue to be established an independent and autonomous Service to be known as the National Prosecutions Service.

(2) The Service shall be headed by the Director of Public Prosecutions appointed by the President in accordance with Article 59B of the Constitution.

(3) There shall be the Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions who shall be appointed by the President from amongst persons with qualifications to be appointed as Judge of the High Court of Tanzania.

(4) The Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions shall be the

Repeal and replacement of sections 4,5,6 and 7

accounting officer of the Service and shall be the principal assistant to the Director of Public Prosecutions.

(4A) The DPP may establish a specialized unit to deal with a designated area and appoint an incharge for such unit.

(5) Functions and powers of the Director of Public Prosecutions may be performed or exercised by the Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions, Regional Prosecution Officers, District Prosecution Officers, Law Officer, State Attorney or such other public officer designated as such by the Director of Public Prosecutions.

(6) For the purposes of subsection (5), the Director of Public Prosecutions may by instrument appoint or designate any Law Officer, State Attorney or any other public officer to perform the functions or exercise powers of the Director of Public Prosecutions.

(7) Without prejudice to subsection (6), any person who was a Law Officer, State Attorney or a Legal Officer appointed or designated to perform the functions or exercise powers of the Director of Public Prosecutions shall be deemed to have been appointed or designated as such.

(8) The Director of Public Prosecutions, the Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions and any officer appointed to exercise the Act or any other written law shall have a *locus standi* in courts of law for and on behalf of the Director of Public Prosecutions.

functions of the Service under this

The Director of **5.**-(1) Public Prosecutions shall appoint or employ in the National Prosecutions Service and at every Regional and District offices of the Service such number of Law Officers, State Attorneys and other public officers as may be necessary for proper and effective performance of the functions and exercise of powers of the Director of Public Prosecutions.

(2) The Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions shall be responsible for managing day to day affairs and be a disciplinary authority of employees in the National Prosecutions Service.

(3) The Director of Public Prosecutions shall appoint for each Region and District a Law Officer to be in-charge of prosecution matters in the Region or District as the case may be and the person so appointed shall bear the title of Regional Prosecution Officer and District Prosecution Officer respectively.

6.-(1) The Director of Public Prosecutions may, for purposes of better management and organisation of the Service, issue General or Standing Orders, Practice Notes and other instruments as he may deem

Appointment of staff

Power to issue orders, practices notes, others instruments

fit.

(2) A staff in the Service who fails to comply with the Standing Orders, Practices Notes and other instruments issued under subsection (1), commits a misconduct to be dealt with by the Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions.

Power to promulgate Code of Professional Conduct and Etiquettes **7.**-(1) The Director of Public Prosecutions shall prescribe the Code of Professional Conduct and Etiquettes for Public Prosecutors.

(2) Any public prosecutor breaches the Code who of **Professional Conduct and Etiquettes** for Public Prosecutors commits a professional misconduct and shall be liable to disciplinary actions through the Deputy Director of Public Prosecutions in accordance with the Public Service Regulations."

- **53.** The principal Act is amended in section 9, by-
- (a) deleting the marginal note and substituting for it the following: "Powers and functions of National Prosecutions Service";
- (b) deleting subsection (1) and substituting for it the following:

"(1) Notwithstanding the provisions of any other written law, the powers and functions of the National Prosecutions Service shall be to

- (a) decide to prosecute or not to prosecute in relation to any offence;
- (b) take and conduct criminal cases on
- 35

Amendment of section 9

behalf of the sovereign of the United Republic, the Central Government, independent departments, executive agencies and the local government;

- (c) coordinate and supervise criminal investigation and conduct of criminal prosecution in courts of law other than court martial;
- (d) intervene and take over at any stage of criminal proceedings, appeal, execution or any incidental proceedings before any court of law to which the Central Government, independent department, agency or a local government has interest;
- (e) discontinue at any stage before judgement is delivered any criminal proceeding brought to the court by another person or authority;
- (f) issue directives to any public officer performing functions relating to conduct of criminal prosecution in courts of law;
- (g) direct the police and other investigative organs to investigate any information of a criminal nature and to report expeditiously;
- (h) appoint or employ and discipline Law Officers, State Attorneys and other staff of the National Prosecutions Service;
- (i) carry out the general supervision of Law Officers, State Attorneys and other officers or staff appointed or employed in the National Prosecutions Service;
- (j) administer legal functions performed by Law Officers, State
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- (k) summon any public officer to give explanation, or information regarding any matter which is or likely to be the subject of criminal prosecution."
- 54. The principal Act is amended in section 19, by-
- (a) deleting paragraph (b) of subsection (3) and substituting for it the following:
 - "(b) a conduct inconsistent with the Code of Professional Conduct and Etiquettes for Public Prosecutors.";
- (b) deleting the words "acting on the advice of the Attorney General" appearing in subsection (4); and
- (c) deleting the words "on the advice of the Attorney General" appearing in subsection (5).

Repeal and replacement of section 25

55. The principal Act is amended by repealing section 25 and replacing it with the following:

"Sources of funds

25. The funds of the Service shall consist of-

- (a) any sums that may be appropriated by the Parliament;
- (b) any moneys by way of donations or grants made within and outside the United Republic; and
- (c) such sums of money or assets which may vest in or accrue to the Service from other sources by way of fees, grants or in any other way under this Act or any other written

Amendment of section 19

law.".

56. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 25 the following:

"Annual estimates

25A.-(1) The Service shall, before the commencement of the financial year, cause to be prepared, estimates of the revenue and expenditure for the year.

(2) The annual estimates shall be submitted to the Minister who shall cause the same to be laid before the National Assembly within three months from the date of their submission to him.

Annual performance report **25B.**-(1) The Service shall submit bi-annual performance reports in respect of the financial year to the Minister and a copy to the Attorney General.

(2) The performance of the Service shall be audited by the Controller and Auditor General.

Books of accounts

25C.-(1) The Service shall keep proper books of accounts.

(2) Within three months from the end of each financial year, the Service shall submit to the Controller and Auditor General accounts of the Service together with-

- (a) a statement of financial activities and income and expenditure during that financial year; and
- (b) a statement of assets and liabilities of the Service existing at the end of

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Addition of sections 25A, 25B and 25C

such financial year.

(3) The accounts of the Service shall be audited by the Controller and Auditor General."

Amendment of section 27

- **57**. The principal Act is amended in section 27, by:
- (a) deleting subsections (1) and (2) and substituting for them the following:
 - "(1) There is established a National Criminal Justice Forum whose role shall be to-
 - (a) undertake strategic analysis relevant in the criminal justice system; and
 - (b) address challenges and complaints facing the criminal justice system.

(2) The Forum shall consist of the following members-

- (a) the Director of Public Prosecutions who shall be the Chairman;
- (b) the Inspector General of Police;
- (c) the Chief Registrar of the Judiciary of Tanzania;
- (d) the Director General of Tanzania Intelligence and Security Service;
- (e) the Director General of the Prevention and Combating of Corruption Bureau;
- (f) the Commissioner General of Immigration;
- (g) the Commissioner General of Prisons;
- (h) the Commissioner General of the Drug Control and Enforcement Authority;
- (i) the Commissioner of Social Welfare;
- (j) the Chief Government Chemist;
- (k) the Chairman of the National Parole Board;
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- (l) the Director of Community Service;
- (m)the Director responsible for legal services in the Ministry responsible for local governments;
- (n) the Director responsible for justice monitoring in the Ministry responsible for legal affairs; and
- (o) the Director of Criminal Investigation who shall be the Secretary.";
- (b) deleting subsection (7) and substituting for it the following:

"(7) The Forum shall prepare and submit a report of its deliberations to the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry responsible for legal affairs who shall advise the Minister and cause the same to be submitted to the National Criminal Justice Ministerial Committee.".

(c) adding immediately after subsection (7) the following:

"(8) The National Criminal Justice Forum may-

- (a) share experience with the criminal justice system in Tanzania Zanzibar and elsewhere and adopt best practices for implementation as it deems fit;
- (b) issue guidelines or memorandum of understanding for use by the criminal justice actors in their operations; and
- (c) regulate its own proceedings.".

Addition of sections 27A, 27B and 27C **58.** The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 27 the following new sections-

"National	27A	(1) For purp	ooses of
Criminal Justice Ministerial		there shall	
Committee	National	Criminal	Justice
	Ministerial C	ommittee.	

(2) The Committee shall

consist of the following members-

- (a) the Minister who shall be the Chairman of the Committee;
- (b) the Minister responsible for home affairs;
- (c) the Minister responsible for good governance;
- (d) the Minister responsible for local governments;
- (e) the Minister responsible for social welfare;
- (f) the Minister responsible for finance;
- (g) the Minister responsible for drug control and enforcement; and
- (h) the Attorney General.

(3) The National Criminal Justice Ministerial Committee shall consider and deliberate on policy issues relating to administration of criminal justice as recommended to it by the National Criminal Justice Forum and may advise on how any of such issues shall be dealt with at sectoral or national level.

(4) The Permanent Secretary of the Ministry responsible for legal affairs shall be Secretary to the Committee.

(5) The Committee, in the discharge of its duties, may co-opt any person as it may deem fit.

(6) The Committee may regulate its own proceedings.

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Regional Criminal There **27B**.-(1) Justice Forum established in every region Regional Criminal Justice Forum whose role shall be to create an opportunity for actors of criminal justice in the respective region to meet and discuss strategic issues

> criminal justice. (2) The Forum shall consist of the following members:

> involved in the administration of

- (a) the Regional Officer Prosecutions who shall the be Chairman;
- (b) the Deputy Registrar of respective High the Court zone;
- (c) the Regional Security Officer;
- (d) the Regional Chief of Prevention the and Combating of Corruption Bureau;
- (e) the Regional Prisons Officer;
- (f) the Regional Coordinator of Community Service;
- (g) the Chairman of the Regional Parole Board;
- (h) the Regional Social Welfare Officer;
- (i) the Law Officer in the **Regional Administrative** Secretary's Office;
- (j) the officer in-charge in the Chief Government
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Chemist office of the respective region; and

(k) the Regional Crimes Officer who shall be the Secretary.

(3) The Forum may co-opt any person as it deems fit.

(4) The Forum shall meet at least twice annually.

(5) The Regional Forum shall prepare a report and submit it to the Chairman of the National Criminal Justice Forum who shall forward the recommendations for deliberations by the National Criminal Justice meetings.

(6) The Forum shall work closely with the Case-flow Management Committees established for each Region or District in relation to matters of criminal nature.

District Criminal Justice Forum **27C.**-(1) There is established in every district the District Criminal Justice Forum.

(2) The Forum under subsection (1) shall consist of –

- (a) the District Prosecutions Officer who shall be the Chairman;
- (b) the District Resident Magistrate in-charge;
- (c) the District Security Officer;
- (d) the District Chief of the Prevention and Combating of Corruption Bureau;

- (e) the District Prisons Officer;
- (f) the District Coordinator of Community Service;
- (g) the Social Welfare Officer; and
- (h) the Officer Commanding of Criminal Investigation Department of the respective District who shall be the Secretary.

(3) The District Criminal Justice Forum may, in the discharge of its duties, co-opt any person as it deems fit.

(4) The District Criminal Justice Forum shall meet at least twice annually.

(5) The District Criminal Justice Forum shall prepare a report on criminal justice within the District for submission to the Regional Criminal Justice Forum."

PART X

AMENDMENT OF THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL (DISCHARGE OF DUTIES) ACT, (CAP. 268)

Construction Cap.268

59. This Part shall be read as one with the Office of the Attorney General (Discharge of Duties) Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

Amendment of section 3

60. The principal Act is amended in section 3, by-

- (a) deleting the definitions of the terms "Administrator-General", "investigative organs" and "legal officer";
- (b) deleting the definitions of the terms "Code of Ethics" and "State Attorney" and substituting for

them the following:

- "Code of Ethics" means the Code of Ethics referred to under section 27; and
- "State Attorney" means a person appointed as such under section 24 and includes a Parliamentary Draftsman and a Local Government Solicitor;".

Addition of section 3A

61. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 3 a new section 3A as follows:

"Objectives of **3A.** The objectives of this Act shall be to enhance and strengthen the capacity –

- (a) to deliver advice on matters of law to the Ministries, independent departments, agencies and the local government;
- (b) for efficiency in drafting of legislative instruments and draft resolutions for debate by the National Assembly;
- (c) to deliver advice to Ministries, independent departments, Agencies and the local government on legislative process;
- (d) of the Government in dealing with matters instituted or filed in courts of law or arbitral tribunals; and

No. 7 The Written Laws (Miscellaneous Amendments) (No.2) Act

(e) of the Government in the negotiation of agreements of commercial or political nature both local or international in which the Government is a party or has interest.".

62. The principal Act is amended in section 4 by inserting immediately after the word "by" appearing in the last line, the words "the Constitution, the Office of the Attorney General (Re-structure) Order, 2018 and".

63. The principal Act is amended in section 5 by deleting subsections (2) and (3) and substituting for them the following:

"(2) The Attorney General shall, by virtue of his office, be the head of the bar and shall, through the Solicitor General, take precedence over all civil matters whenever he appears in court.

(3) Subsection (2) shall apply in relation to the Deputy Solicitor General, Law Officers and State Attorneys appearing in court in the name of the Attorney General.".

64. The principal Act is amended in section 6, by-

- (a) deleting paragraphs (a), (b) and (d);
- (b) renaming paragraphs (c) and (e) as paragraphs (a) and (b) respectively; and
- (c) adding at the end of paragraph (b) as renamed, the words "other than those working in the National Prosecutions Service or the Office of the Solicitor-General."
- **65.** The principal Act is amended in section 7(1), by-
- (a) deleting paragraph (b);
- (b) renaming paragraphs (c), (d), (e) and (f) as paragraphs (b), (c), (d) and (e) respectively; and

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Amendment of section 4 G. N. No.48 of 2018

Amendment of section 5

Amendment of section 6

Amendment of section 7 (c) inserting immediately after the word "Attorneys" appearing in the renamed paragraph (c) the words "in the Ministries, Government departments, agencies and local government".

66. The principal Act is amended by repealing section 8 and replacing it with the following:

"Functions of Office of Attorney General Cap. 2 G. N. No. 48 of 2018

Repeal and

section 8

replacement of

8. Without prejudice to the generality of Articles 59 and 59A of the Constitution and the Office of the Attorney General (Re-structure) Order, 2018 the functions of the Office of the Attorney General shall be to:

- (a) advise ministries, independent departments, agencies, local government authorities. public corporations, parastatal organizations and other government institutions and organisations on the legislative process and legal opinion on general issues;
- (b) draft legislative proposals into Bills for enactment into law;
- (c) draft all legislative instruments and resolutions for ratification by the National Assembly;
- (d) advise on proper and purposeful meaning of enactment of Parliament, subsidiary legislation and other legal

instruments;

- (e) carry out the general of supervision Law Officers and State Attorneys appointed or employed in the Office of the Attorney General, ministries, local government authorities, independent departments, executive agencies, public corporations, parastatal organisations and government institutions other than those under National the Prosecutions Service and Office of the the Solicitor-General;
- (f) carry out the general supervision of staff employed in the office of the Attorney General;
- (g) administer legal functions performed by Law Officers and State Attorneys in the Office of the Attorney General;
- (h) summon any public officer to give explanation, or information regarding any matter which is the subject of advice;
- (i) prepare and submit biannual report to the Minister;
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- (j) appoint or employ and discipline Law Officers, Attorneys State and other staff of the Office of the Attorney General; and
- (k) perform any function as may be necessary for effective discharge of duties and the the exercise of the powers of the Attorney General.".

Amendment of section 9

67. The principal Act is amended in section 9 by deleting the words "such officers" and substituting for them the words "Law Officers and State Attorneys".

Amendment of Part III

The principal Act is amended in Part III by **68**. deleting *subheading* (*a*) and substituting for it the following:

> "(a) Special Provisions in Relation to the National Prosecutions Service, the Office of the Solicitor-General and the Administrator- General".

Repeal and replacement of section 10

69. The principal Act is amended by repealing section 10 and replacing it with the following:

> "Relationship of **10**.-(1) Without prejudice to Office of Attorney the generality of Article 59B of the General and other Constitution, the Office of the Attorney General shall advise and maintain a link with the National Prosecutions Service, the Office of the Solicitor-General and the Administrator-General for better carrying out of their respective duties.

> > (2)For the purposes of subsection (1), the Office of the Attorney General shall-

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offices

- (a) receive copies of biannual performance reports from the National Prosecutions Office Service. of Solicitor General and the Administrator General:
- (b) follow-up on the implementation of the decisions reached by the Government Legal Team; and
- (c) advise the Government, the National Assembly and the Judiciary accordingly.

(3) The Minister may make rules for better carrying out the provisions of this section.".

Repeal of 70. The principal Act is amended by repealing sections 11, 13 sections 11, 13 and 14.

> The principal Act is amended in Part IV by 71. deleting the heading and substituting for it the following: "THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, LAW OFFICERS AND STATE ATTORNEYS IN THE PUBLIC SERVICE"

Repeal and replacement of section 15

and 14

Amendment

of PART IV

72. The principal Act is amended by repealing section 15 and replacing it with the following:

"Law Officers and State Attorneys	15. -(1) There shall continue in existence in ministries, local
	government authorities,
	independent departments,
	government institutions, agencies, public corporations, parastatal organizations, Law Officers and State Attorneys who by virtue of

their qualifications, job description and duties, perform legal functions.

(2) The Attorney General may issue directions either general or specific to any Law Officer or State Attorney in public service other than those under the National Prosecutions Service or the Office of the Solicitor-General with regard to the manner of performing the legal functions within their respective offices.

(3) The Solicitor-General may issue each Law Officer and State Attorney in ministries, local government authorities, independent departments and other government institutions, agencies and organisations with Practice Instrument that will entitle the bearer to appear in court in cases where the Attorney General is a party.

(4) Without prejudice to subsection (2) the Attorney General Ministries, may direct local Government authorities, independent departments, agencies, public corporations, parastatal organizations or other government organizations to submit reports on of the performance legal functions.".

Amendment of section 16

- **73.** The principal Act is amended in section 16, by-
- (a) deleting the marginal note and substituting for it the following:

"Functions to be performed by Law Officers and State Attorneys" (b) deleting subsections (1) and (2) and substituting for them the following:

"(1) The functions which are, by the Constitution, this Act or by any other written law, required to be performed by or on behalf of the Attorney General, may be performed by a Law Officer or a State Attorney authorised by the Attorney General pursuant to the provisions of this Act.

(2) A person shall not become a Law Officer or State Attorney only for the reason that his job description includes performing legal functions.".

(c) deleting subsection (3); and

(d) renumbering subsection (4) as subsection (3).

Addition of sections 16A and 16B

74. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 16 the following sections-

"Professional Association of lawyers in public service

16A.-(1) The Attorney General may establish a professional association of lawyers in the public service.

(2) The association shall be a professional forum of lawyers in the public service to meet once a year and deliberate on various legal issues including professional development and other matters of concern.

(3) The report of the meeting shall be submitted to the Minister.

(4) The Minister may make regulations for the proper management, leadership, organisation and conduct of the business of the association.

(5) Without prejudice to the foregoing provisions, the Minister may, from time to time, call meetings of lawyers in the public service in order to inform them of policy development

issues with regard to the legal sector and the public service in general.

Roll of State Attorneys **16B**.-(1) The Attorney General shall establish and keep a Roll of all State Attorneys.

(2) The Attorney General shall enter in the Roll the name of every State Attorney and the order of entry of such names shall be according to precedence of such State Attorneys as between themselves.

(3) Nothing in this section shall prejudice or affect the qualification or status of any person who before the establishment of the Roll of State Attorneys was a State Attorney.".

- 75. The principal Act is amended in section 17, by-
- (a) inserting immediately after the word "shall" appearing in the second line of subsection (1), the words "through the Solicitor-General";
- (b) deleting the words "Attorney General" appearing in the second line of subsection (2) and substituting for them the words "Solicitor-General";
- (c) deleting subsection (3) and substituting for it the following:

"(3) Where a suit, inquiry or any other proceeding is pending before the court, tribunal or any other administrative body to which the Solicitor-General does not have a right of audience, it shall be sufficient for the Solicitor-General to file a certificate of the intention of the Attorney General to be joined and the court, tribunal or any such administrative body shall immediately forward the record of the proceedings to the nearest court, tribunal or administrative body for purposes of enabling the Solicitor-General to appear.".

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Amendment of section 17 Amendment of section 18

76. The principal Act is amended in section 18, by-

- (a) deleting the words "offices of all solicitors of" appearing in subsection (1) and substituting for them the words "State Attorneys in";
- (b) deleting subsection (2) and substituting for it the following:

"(2) Where there is a need for appointing a Law Officer to head or to perform the functions referred to in subsection (1), the Permanent Secretary of the Ministry responsible for local government authorities may, after consultation with the Attorney General and Solicitor-General, appoint the Law Officer from the Ministry responsible for local government authorities, Office of the Attorney General or Office of the Solicitor-General.";

- (c) deleting subsection (3);
- (d) inserting immediately after the words "Attorney General" appearing in subsection (5) the words "Director of Public Prosecutions and the Solicitor-General";
- (e) deleting subsection (6) and substituting for it the following:

"(6) The Law Officer appointed in accordance with this section or any other Law Officer or State Attorney in the service of the local government authority shall, under the auspices of the Solicitor-General, have the right of audience in any matter before the court in which a local government authority or the Attorney-General is a party.";

(f) re-numbering subsections (4), (5) and (6) as subsections (3), (4) and (5) respectively.

Amendment of section 19

77. The principal Act is amended in section 19 by deleting the words "or legal officer".

Amendment of section 20

Amendment of section 21

Amendment

of section 22

78. The principal Act is amended in section 20 by deleting the words "or any legal officer".

79. The principal Act is amended in section 21 by deleting subsection (3) and substituting for it the following:

"(3) Notwithstanding the provisions of this section, all matters regarding administration or discipline in respect of Law Officers and State Attorneys in the ministries, local government authorities, independent departments, agencies, public corporations and parastatal organizations shall be under the supervision and control of their respective employers.

(4) Employers of law officers and state attorneys shall have the duty to notify the Attorney General on all disciplinary cases against law officers and state attorneys under their supervision and control."

80. The principal Act is amended in section 22, by-

- (a) deleting the words "Minister, Permanent Secretary, head of Department or Agency" appearing in subsection (1) and substituting for them the words "ministry, local government authority, independent department, government institution, agency or organisation";
- (b) deleting subsection (2) and substituting for it the following:

"(2) Where the opinion of the Attorney General is requested in relation to any matter reserved to the Attorney General, the ministry, local government authority, independent department, government institution, agency or organisation shall state clearly the matter and issues involved together with any opinion that may have been given from within such ministry, local government authority, independent government department,

institution, agency or organisation."

Amendment of section 23

81. The principal Act is amended in section 23 by adding immediately after the words "a court of competent jurisdiction" the words ", the Cabinet."

Amendment of Part VII

82. The principal Act is amended in Part VII by deleting the heading and substituting for it the following: "ATTORNEY GENERAL, LAW OFFICERS AND OTHER STATE ATTORNEYS IN PUBLIC SERVICE"

Amendment of section 24 **83.** The principal Act is amended in section 24 by deleting the words "Deputy Attorney General" appearing in subsection (1) and substituting for them the words "ministry, local government authority, independent department, government institution, agency or organisation".

Repeal and replacement of section 25 **84.** The principal Act is amended by repealing section 25 and replacing it with the following:

"Government Legal Team

25.-(1) There is established a Team to be known as the Government Legal Team which shall undertake strategic legal analysis and forecast with regard to legal services rendered as well as prosecutorial and adjudicatory services provided.

- (2) The Team shall consist of-
- (a) the Attorney-General who shall be the Chairman;
- (b) the Director of Public Prosecutions;
- (c) the Solicitor-General;
- (d) the Administrator-General;
- (e) the Executive Secretary of the Law Reform Commission of Tanzania;
- (f) the Chief Parliamentary Draftsman;
- (g) the Director of Legal Services

in the Ministry responsible for legal affairs; and

(h) the Director of Legal Services in the Ministry responsible for local governments.

(3) The Attorney General shall appoint a Law Officer from the Office of the Attorney General to be a Secretary to the Team.

(4) The Team may co-opt any person as it deems necessary.

(5) The Team shall meet at least twice a year but may meet at any time if there is any issue to be discussed for the purpose of improving the legal services.

(6) The quorum at any meeting of the Team shall be half of the members.

(7) The Team may regulate its own proceedings.

(8) The Team shall prepare a report of its deliberations and submit the same to the Minister.".

Amendment of section 26

85. The principal Act is amended in section 26 by deleting the words "and other legal officers" appearing in that section.

Repeal and replacement of sections 27 and 28

86. The principal Act is amended by repealing sections 27 and 28 and replacing them with the following-

27.-(1) There shall be a Code of Ethics for Law Officers and State Attorneys in the public service to be prescribed by the Minister.

(2) All matters regarding administration or enforcement of the Code of Ethics for Law Officers and State Attorneys in the public service

"Code of

Ethics

G.N No. 168 of 2003

(3) Notwithstanding the Public Service Regulations, the Attorney General may refer allegations of professional misconduct against a Law Officer or a State Attorney to the Advocates Committee.

shall be under the supervision and control of their respective employers.

(4) Each Permanent Secretary and every head of the independent department, government institution, agency or organisation shall liaise with the Ministry in the administration of the Code of Ethics in respect of Law Officers and State Attorneys employed in their respective offices.

(5) The Chief Justice may, in consultation with the Minister, make rules for better carrying out referrals to the Advocates Committee by the Attorney General under subsection (3) of this section.

Orders, etc and sanctions for breach of Code of Ethics G.N. No. 168 of 2003 **28.**-(1) The Attorney General may issue General or Standing Orders, Practice Notes and other instruments as he may deem fit for purposes of better management and organisation of the Office of the Attorney General.

(2) Any Law Officer or State

Attorney who breaches the Code of Ethics commits a professional misconduct and shall be liable to disciplinary actions through the employer in accordance to the Public Service Regulations."

Repeal of the Schedule

87. The Schedule to the Office of the Attorney General (Discharge of Duties) Act is hereby repealed.

PART XI AMENDMENT OF THE PREVENTION AND COMBATING OF CORRUPTION ACT, (CAP. 329)

Construction Cap. 329 **88.** This Part shall be read as one with the Prevention and Combating of Corruption Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

Amendment of section 34

89. The principal Act is amended in section 34 by deleting the words "Attorney General" appearing in subsections (2), (3) and (6) and substituting for them the words "Director of Public Prosecutions".

PART XII AMENDMENT OF THE PREVENTION OF TERRORISM ACT, (CAP.19)

Construction Cap.19 **90.** This Part shall be read as one with the Prevention of Terrorism Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

Amendment of section 34

Cap.20

91. The principal Act is amended in section 34 by deleting subsection (3) and substituting for it the following: "(3) A Court may, on an ex-parte application by the Director of Public Prosecutions, order that the case proceeds in a manner stated in section 188 of the Criminal Procedure Act.".

PART XIII AMENDMENT OF THE PROCEEDS OF CRIME ACT, (CAP. 256)

Construction 92. This Part shall be read as one with the Proceed of Crime Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

General amendment

93. The principal Act is amended generally by-

- (a) deleting the words "the Attorney General" wherever they appear in the Act and substituting for them the words "the Director of Public
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Prosecutions."

- (b) deleting the word "defendant" wherever it appears in the Act and substituting for it the word "respondent";
- (c) deleting the words "foreign specified offence" wherever they appear in the Act and substituting for them the words "foreign serious offence";
- (d) deleting the words "specified offence" wherever they appear in the Act and substituting for them the words "serious offence"; and
- (e) deleting the words "Treasury Registrar" wherever they appear in the Act and substituting for them the words "Permanent Secretary in the Ministry responsible for Treasury.".
- 94. The principal Act is amended in section (3),by-
- (a) deleting the definitions of the terms "serious offence" and "specified offence" and substituting for them the following:
 - "serious offence" means an offence against provisions of any law in Tanzania of which the maximum penalty is death or imprisonment for a period of not less than twelve months and includes any offence in which property has been used or proceeds have been generated or benefits have been derived;
 - "specified offence" means an offence against the provisions of any law in a foreign state for conduct which, had it occurred in Tanzania would constitute a serious offence under the laws of Tanzania;
- (b) deleting the word "High" appearing in the definition of the term "Trustee";
- (c) inserting in the appropriate alphabetical order the following new definition:

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"document has the meaning ascribed to it under the Evidence Act;".

Cap. 6

Amendment of section 3

Repeal and replacement of section 31A

95. The principal Act is amended by repealing section 31A and replacing it with the following:

"Freezing of bank account

31A.-(1) Where the Inspector General of Police or the Director of Criminal Investigation suspects on reasonable grounds that any person has been involved in the commission of a serious offence, he may authorise and direct a police officer of the rank of Assistant Superintendent of Police or above to freeze a bank account and seize any document from that bank or financial institution for fourteen days during which leave of the court for continued seizure and freezing shall be obtained.

(2) Upon application, the court may order extension of a period of seizure or freezing an account where there are reasonable grounds to suspect that the money held in the account is related to the commission of a serious offence.

(3) Where the court orders an extension of period of seizure or freezing of an account under sub section (2), it may, at any later time vary or set aside that order where the continued seizure or freezing is no longer required or upon production of additional evidence, and where the court is satisfied that money held into the account is not related to the commission of a serious crime."

Addition of sections 31B and 31C

96. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 31A the following new sections:

"Collecting information or document relating to property **31B.**-(1) For the purpose of collecting information about the property under this Act or any other law, an investigation officer may summon, interrogate and record a statement from any person who has information or document relating to the property.

(2) Any person who fails without reasonable cause to appear before the investigation officer for interrogation or to produce a document or any other thing relevant to investigation of the property under subsection (1) or being a witness at such investigation refuses to answer any question put to him or to produce any document or any other thing relevant to investigation commits an offence and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine of not less than one million shillings or to imprisonment for a term of not less than three years or to both.

Disclosure of investigation information

31C.-(1) Any person who discloses to a suspect or unauthorised third party the information relating to an ongoing or impending investigation under this Act or any other law with the intent to interfere or otherwise frustrate the investigation commits an offence and upon conviction shall be liable to a fine of not less than ten million shillings or to imprisonment for a term of not less than five years or to both.

(2) Where a person who contravenes the provisions of subsection (1) is a body corporate, such person shall be liable to a fine of not less than five hundred million shillings or three times the value of the property under Amendment of section 38

investigation, whichever is greater.".

97. The principal Act is amended in section 38, by-

- (a) deleting the word "apply" appearing in the third line of subsection (1) and substituting for it the words "make an *ex parte* application";
- (b) adding immediately after paragraph (b) of subsection (2) the following new paragraph:
 - "(c) order the Administrator-General or any other public trustee to take care and control of property under restraint."
- (c) adding immediately after subsection (5) the following new subsections:

"(6) In addition to the order granted under subsection (2), the court may order-

- (a) disposal of any property under restraint which is subject to natural decay, wear and tear, depreciation or whose maintenance may cause substantial expenses;
- (b) proceeds of sale of the property disposed to be kept in a special interim management account until forfeiture application in respect of that property is concluded or the court orders otherwise.

(7) A property to which a restraining application has been made shall not be disposed until the application or an appeal as the case may be has been determined.".

Repealing of sections 40 and 41

98. The principal Act is amended by repealing sections 40 and 41.

Amendment of section 42 **99.** The principal Act is amended in section 42, by adding immediately after subsection (2) the following new subsection:

"(3) Any person affected by the restraining order may, within fourteen days after being served with notice of the restraining order, apply to court for variation or rescission of the restraining order or any other order which the court may issue under section 43.".

100. The principal Act is amended in section 43, by deleting subsection (3) and substituting for it the following-

"(3) The court may, upon application by a person affected by the restraining order, vary or rescind a restraining order where it is satisfied that-

- (a) the property involved is not tainted; or
- (b) the interest in the property was acquired for sufficient value, without knowledge, and in circumstances such as not to arouse suspicion that the property was tainted.".

Amendment of section 50

Amendment

of section 43

101. The principal Act is amended in section 50(2), by inserting the words "qualifications, supervision, between the article "the" and the word "remuneration".

102. The principal Act is amended in section 54, by deleting the words "interdicts or"

Addition of section 62A

Amendment

of section 54

103. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 62 the following new section:

62A.-(1) An investigation officer may, by notice in writing, require any person under investigation or suspected to have committed a serious offence to furnish, within such time and in such manner as may be specified in the notice, a full and true account of all or any property which he-

(a) possesses, controls, directs or

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"Disclosure

information

of

about property

is entitled to the benefit from; or

(b) had in his possession, control, direction or was entitled to the benefit from.

(2) A person who is required to furnish information pursuant to the provisions of subsection (1) may, in addition to the requested information, provide details of the basis upon which he asserts that the property is not the benefit of criminal activity.

(3) A person responding to a request under subsection (1) shall provide the information requested to the investigation officer within thirty days from the date of request unless he satisfies the investigation officer that more time is required to comply with the request.

(4) In any application for a confiscation order under this Act a response to a request under subsection (1) may be admitted in evidence to the confiscation proceedings.

(5) A person who in compliance with a request under subsection (1) gives false information commits an offence and upon conviction shall be dealt with in accordance to the provisions of section 122 of the Penal Code.".

Cap. 16

Repeal and replacement of section 76

104. The principal Act is amended by repealing section 76 and replacing it with the following:

"Appeals

76.-(1) Any person aggrieved by the order of the Court made under this Act may appeal against that order.

(2) Where an appeal is preferred under subsection (1), the execution of the order shall be stayed until the appeal is determined.

Cap.20

(3) The appeals under this Act shall be governed by the provisions of the Criminal Procedure Act.".

PART XIV AMENDMENT OF THE TANGANYIKA LAW SOCIETY ACT, (CAP. 307)

Construction Cap. 307 **105.** This Part shall be read as one with the Tanganyika Law Society Act, hereinafter referred to as the "principal Act".

Amendment of section 15

106. The principal Act is amended by-

- (a) designating the contents of section 15 as subsection (1);
- (b) adding immediately after subsection (1) as designated the following new subsections:

"(2) Without prejudice to any other written law, a person shall not be elected to be a member of the Council unless such person-

- (a) is a citizen of the United Republic;
- (b) has not been formally certified to be of unsound mind;
- (c) has not been declared bankrupt; and
- (d) has appeared before the nomination committee and been certified to be of good professional standing to contest for membership to the Council.

(3) A person shall not be elected to be a member of the Council if such person is-

(a) a public servant;

(b) a Ward Counsellor;

(c) a Member of Parliament; or

(d) a leader of a political party.".

Addition of section 15A

107. The principal Act is amended by adding immediately after section 15, a new section 15A as follows:

"Prohibition of political activities

Cap.258

15A.-(1) A member of the Council shall observe political neutrality and shall not engage in political activities while serving as a member of the Council.

(2) For the avoidance of doubt, political activities in relation to a member of the Council include the following:

> (a) contesting for a political post within a political party as defined by the Political Parties Act or in any other partisan elections;

- (b) campaigning for or against a candidate in partisan elections;
- (c) making campaign speeches;
- (d) collecting contributions or raising funds for any political party;
- (e) organising or managing political rallies or meetings; or
- (f) holding office in political parties.

(3) A member of the Council who contravenes the provisions of subsection (2) commits a gross misconduct and the Attorney General may petition to the Advocates Committee for the removal of such member from the Roll of Advocates.".

Repeal and replacement of section 31

108. The principal Act is amended by repealing section 31 and replacing it with the following-

"Regulations

31.-(1) The Council may, in consultation with the Attorney General, make regulations for the better carrying out of the objectives of the Act.

(2) The Regulations made under subsection (1) shall be published in the *Gazette*.".

Passed by the National Assembly on the 10th September, 2018.

STEPHEN KAGAIGAI

Clerk of the National Assembly